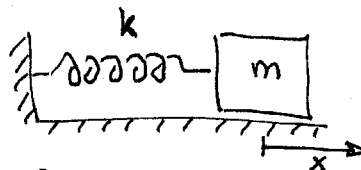
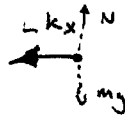


(7.) (a) THE SKETCH



THE FBD (DISPLACE MASS TO THE RIGHT BY  $x$ )



THE EOM:  $F = ma = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$

$\Rightarrow -kx = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$  OR, IN STANDARD FORM,

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{k}{m}x = 0$$

(b.) <sup>A</sup> THE GENERAL SOLUTION IS  $x(t) = X_m \sin(\omega_0 t + \varphi)$

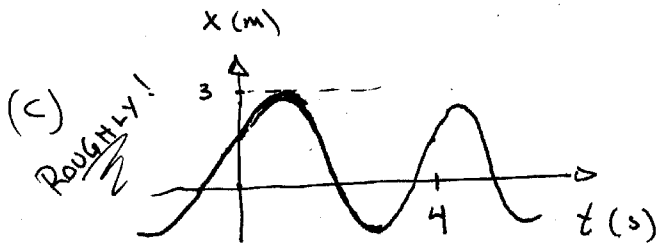
WITH  $\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$ . THE INITIAL CONDITIONS ARE

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x(0) = 2m \\ \frac{dx}{dt} > 0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} X_m \sin(\varphi) = 2m \Rightarrow \sin(\varphi) = \frac{2}{3} \\ \text{So} \\ \varphi \approx 0.7297 \approx 0.730 \text{ rad.} \end{array}$$

CHECKING THE VELOCITY GIVES

$$\left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = X_m \omega \cos(\varphi) = (3 \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}) \cos(0.73) > 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{x(t) = 3.00 \sin(1.57t + 0.730)}}$$



THE AMPLITUDE IS 3 m AND THE PERIOD IS 4 s.